GENERAL NOTICE ALGEMENE KENNISGEWING

NOTICE 572 OF 2012

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS

ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS AMENDMENT BILL, 2012

I, Dina Pule, Minister of Communications, hereby publish the proposed Electronic Communications Amendment Bill, 2012.

Interested persons are invited to provide written comments on the proposed Bill, within 30 working days of the date of publication of this notice at any of the following addresses:

Po	ost:	For Attention: Ms M Mphahlele The Chief Director: Economic Policy Development ICT Policy Development Department of Communications; Private Bag x860 Pretoria 0001;
or	deliver to:	First Floor, Block A3 iParioli Office Park 1166 Park Street Hatfield, Pretoria;
or	email to:	lerato@doc.gov.za

Please note that comments received after the closing date may be disregarded.

Please contact Ms. Lerato Monareng at (012) 427 8217 or Mr. Khayalethu Rutsha on (012) 427 8019 for any enquiries.

MS DINA PULE, MP MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS DATE: 03.@7・ つの/つ

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

AMENDMENT BILL

(As introduced in the National Assembly (proposed section 75); explanatory summary of Bill published in Government Gazette No. of 2012) (The English text is the official text of the Bill)

(Minister of Communications)

[B -2012]

GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTE:

[] Words in bold type in square brackets indicate omissions

from existing enactments.

Words underlined with a solid line indicate insertions in

existing enactments.

BILL

To amend the Electronic Communications Act, 2005, so as to align the Act with broad-based black economic empowerment; to incorporate the Authority's recommendation on ownership and control of commercial broadcasting services; to introduce a Spectrum Management Agency and clarify the responsibilities of the Agency and the Authority in respect of frequency spectrum management; to refine licensing issues; to improve the competition provisions; to improve turn-around times for consultative processes; to improve the governance provisions of the Universal Service and Access Agency of South Africa; to remove regulatory bottlenecks; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:-

Amendment of section 1 of Act 36 of 2005

- 1. Section 1 of the principal Act is hereby amended-
- (a) by the insertion of the following definitions after the definition of "Agency":

"'allocation' (of a frequency band) means the entry in the Table of Frequency Allocations of a given frequency band for the purpose of its use by one or more terrestrial or space radio-communication services or the radio astronomy service under specified conditions. This term shall also be applied to the frequency band concerned;";

"assignment' (of a radio frequency or radio frequency channel) means authorization given by the Spectrum Management Agency or the Authority for a radio station to use a radio frequency or radio frequency channel under specified conditions;";

(b) by the insertion of the following definition after the definition of "Authority": "<u>broadband</u>" means an always available, multimedia capable connection with a minimum download speed as determined by the Minister from time to time by Notice in the Gazette;";

(c) by the substitution for the definition of "broadcasting service radio frequency bands" of the following definition:

"broadcasting service radio frequency bands' means that part of the electromagnetic radio frequency spectrum which is allocated for the use of broadcasting services by the Authority, taking into account the ITU table of **[allotment]** <u>allocation</u>, in so far as such allocation has been agreed to or approved by the Republic;";

(d) by the substitution for the definition of "common carrier" of the following definition:

"common carrier' means <u>Sentech Limited, a public company established in</u> terms of the Sentech Act, 1996 (Act No. 63 of 1996) and any other **[a]** person licensed to provide an electronic communications network service who is obliged to provide signal distribution for broadcasting services on a nondiscriminatory and non-exclusive basis;";

(e) by the substitution for the definition of "community" of the following definition:

"community' **[includes a geographically founded community or]** means any group of persons or sector of the public having a specific, ascertainable common interest;";

(f) by the substitution for the definition of "community broadcasting service" of the following definition:

"community broadcasting service' means a broadcasting service which-

(a) is fully controlled by a non-profit entity and carried on for non-profit purposes;

(b) serves a particular geographically defined community;

(c) encourages members of the community served by it or persons associated with or promoting the interests of such community, to participate in the selection and provision of programmes to be broadcast in the course of such broadcasting service; and

(d) may be funded by donations, grants, sponsorships or advertising or membership fees, or by any combination of the aforementioned;";

(g) by the insertion of the following definition after the definition of "Complaints and Compliance Committee":

"control' in sections 64 to 66 means the holding in a company, directly or indirectly, of issued share capital equal to or exceeding twenty-five percent of

the issued share capital in the company, irrespective of whether or not such issued share capital confers *de facto* control;";

- (h) by the deletion of the definition for "days";
- (*i*) by the substitution for the definition of "electronic communications facility" of the following definition:

"electronic communications facility' includes but is not limited to any-

- (a) wire including wiring in multi-tenant buildings;
- (b) cable (including undersea and land-based fibre optic cables);
- (c) antenna;
- (d) mast;
- (e) satellite transponder;
- (f) circuit;
- (g) cable landing station;
- (h) international gateway;
- (i) earth station; and

(j) radio apparatus or other thing, <u>whether an active or passive</u> <u>infrastructure component</u>, which can be used for, or in connection with, electronic communications, including where applicable—

- (i) collocation space;
- (ii) monitoring equipment;

(iii) space on or within poles, ducts, cable trays, manholes, hand holds and conduits; and

(iv) associated support systems, sub-systems and services, ancillary to such electronic communications facilities or otherwise necessary for controlling connectivity of the various electronic communications facilities for proper functionality, control, integration and utilisation of such electronic communications facilities;";

(*j*) by the substitution for the definition of "end-user" of the following definition:

"end-user' means a subscriber and persons who use the services of a licensed service <u>or use a service pursuant to a licence exemption</u> referred to in Chapter 3;";

(k) by the substitution for the definition of "electronic communications service licensee" of the following definition:

"electronic communications service licensee" means a person whom an electronic communications services licence has been granted in terms of section 5 (2) or 5 (4);"

- (*I*) by the deletion of the definitions for "existing licences" and "transition period";
- (m) by the substitution for the definition of "ITU" of the following definition:

- "'ITU' means International Telecommunication[s] Union;";
 - (*n*) by the substitution for the definition of "licensee" of the following definition:

"'licensee' means a person issued with a [licence to provide services in terms of Chapter 3 of this Act] service licence or radio frequency spectrum licence;";

(o) by the substitution for the definition of "radio frequency plan" of the following definition:

"radio frequency plan' means **[a national plan]** the national radio frequency plan contemplated in section 34 that includes, but is not limited to—

(a) a table of frequency allocations for all bands below 3000 GHz taking into account the ITU table of **[allotments]** <u>allocations</u>, in so far as such **[allotments]** <u>allocations</u> have been adopted and agreed upon by the Republic, which may include designations of certain utilisations; and

(b) a plan, as applicable, for the migration of systems and equipment of existing users within specific radio frequency bands, including radio frequency bands for security services, to different frequency bands;";

(*p*) by the substitution for the definition of "radio frequency spectrum" of the following definition:

"radio frequency spectrum' means the portion of the electromagnetic spectrum used as a transmission medium for electronic communications <u>and</u> <u>broadcasting</u>;";

(q) by the substitution for the definition of "radio frequency spectrum licence" of the following definition:

"radio frequency spectrum licence' means a licence authorising the holder to <u>provide services that require the</u> use the radio frequency spectrum in terms of <u>Chapter 5 of the Act;</u>";

(r) by the substitution for the definition of "radio station" of the following definition:

"radio station' means one or more transmitters or receivers or a combination of transmitters and receivers, including the accessory equipment, necessary at one location for carrying an electronic communications service, <u>broadcasting service</u> or any electronic communications authorised by the authority;";

(s) by the substitution for the definition of "registered political party" of the following definition:

"'[registered] political party', for the purposes of Chapter 9, means-

(a) any registered party defined in section 1 of the Electoral Act, 1998; or

(b) any alliance of such registered parties, as the case may be, which, for the purpose of any particular election, has, before the commencement of the relevant election period, submitted its list of candidates for the National Assembly or any other legislature contemplated in the Constitution;";

(*t*) by the substitution for the definition of "reseller" of the following definition:

"reseller' means a person who-

(a) acquires, through lease or other commercial arrangement, **[by]** any electronic communications network service or electronic communications service; and

(b) makes such electronic communications network service or electronic communications service available to subscribers for a fee, whether or not such electronic communications network services or electronic communications services made available by the reseller—

(i) are identical to the electronic communications network service or electronic communications service acquired;

(ii) are packaged, bundled or otherwise re-grouped to form new or varied service offerings;

(iii) are combined, linked or used in connection with electronic communications networks or electronic communications facilities owned by the reseller; or

(iv) add value to such electronic communications network services or electronic communications services, and "resale" is construed accordingly;";

(u) by the substitution for the definition of "service charter" of the following definition:

"service charter' means a document, developed by a licensee after consultation with its staff, subscribers and end-users which sets out the standards of service subscribers <u>and end-users</u> can expect and is a performance measurement and accountability tool that focuses on subscriber <u>and end-user</u> service outcomes;";

(v) by the insertion of the following definition after the definition of "service charter":

"<u>service licence</u> means a licence authorising the holder to provide services in terms of Chapter 3 of the Act;"

(w) by the insertion of the following definition after the definition of "sound broadcasting service":

<u>"Spectrum Management Agency' means an Agency established in terms of legislation prepared for this purpose;";</u>

(x) by the substitution for the definition of "universal service" of the following definition:

"universal service' means the universal provision of <u>electronic</u> <u>communications network services</u>, electronic communications services and broadcasting services as determined from time to time in terms of Chapter 14;".

Amendment of section 2 of Act 36 of 2005

2. Section 2 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

(a)by the substitution for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

"(b) promote and facilitate the development of interoperable and interconnected electronic networks, the provision of the services contemplated in the Act and to create a technologically neutral licensing framework meaning an electronic communications network service licensee can make available any electronic communications network and an electronic communications service (";")

(b) by the substitution for paragraph (h) of the following paragraph:

"(h) promote **[the]** <u>broad-based black economic</u> empowerment **[of historically disadvantaged persons, including Black people]**, with particular attention to the needs of women, opportunities for youth and challenges for people with disabilities;".

Amendment of section 3 of Act 36 of 2005

- 3. Section 3 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
- (a) by the insertion in subsection 1 after paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

"(aA) ownership and control including foreign ownership and control of individual licences;"

(b) by the substitution for subsection 2 of the following subsection:

"(2) The Minister may, subject to subsections (3) and (5), issue to the Authority <u>or subject to subsection (5)</u>, issue to the Agency policy directions consistent with the objects of this Act, <u>national policies</u> and of the related legislation in relation to—

(a) the undertaking of an inquiry in terms of section 4B of the ICASA Act on any matter within the Authority's jurisdiction and the submission of reports to the Minister in respect of such matter;

(b) the determination of priorities for the development of electronic communications networks and electronic communications services or any other service contemplated in Chapter 3;

(c) the consideration of any matter within the Authority's <u>or</u> <u>Agency's</u> jurisdiction reasonably placed before it by the Minister for urgent consideration[.];

(d) guidelines for the determination by the Authority of spectrum fees;

(e) any other matter which may be necessary for the application of this Act or the related legislation.";

(c) by the substitution for subsection 4 of the following subsection:

"(4) The Authority <u>or the Agency</u>, <u>as the case may be</u>, in exercising its powers and performing its duties in terms of this Act and the related legislation must consider policies made by the Minister in terms of subsection (1) and policy directions issued by the Minister in terms of subsection (2).";

(d) by the substitution for subsection 5 of the following subsection:

"(5) When issuing <u>a policy under subsection (1) or</u> a policy direction under subsection (2) the Minister—

(a) must consult the Authority and the Agency; and

(b) must, in order to obtain the views of interested persons, publish the text of such policy direction by notice in the Gazette—

(i) declaring his or her intention to issue the policy direction;

(ii) inviting interested persons to submit written submissions in relation to the policy direction in the manner specified in such notice in not less than 30 <u>calendar</u> days from the date of the notice;

(c) must publish a final version of the policy direction in the Gazette.";

(e) by the addition of the following subsection:

"(10) If it is reasonable and justifiable in the circumstances, as contemplated under the Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000 (Act No. 3 of 2000), the Minister may depart from any of the time periods specified in this section."

Amendment of section 4 of Act 36 of 2005

- 4. Section 4 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
- (a) by the substitution in subsection 1 for paragraph (d) of the following paragraph:

"(d) generally, the **[control]** <u>use</u> of the radio frequency spectrum, radio activities and the use of radio apparatus.";

(b) by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:

"(3) Any regulation made by the Authority in terms of subsection (1) may declare a contravention of that regulation to be an offence, provided that any such regulation must specify the penalty that may be imposed in respect of

such contravention taking into account, amongst others, section 17H of the ICASA Act.".

(c) by the substitution for subsections (4) and (5) of the following subsections:

"(4) The Authority must, not less than **[thirty (30)]** <u>30 calendar</u> days before any regulation is made, publish such regulation in the Gazette, together with a notice—

(a) declaring the Authority's intention to make that regulation; and

(b) inviting interested parties to make written representations on the regulation.

(5) The Authority must, not less than 30 <u>calendar</u> days prior to making regulations, inform the Minister in writing of its intention and **[the subject matter of the]** provide a copy of the proposed regulations.";

(d) by the addition of the following subsection:

"(8) If it is reasonable and justifiable in the circumstances, as contemplated under the Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000 (Act No. 3 of 2000), the Authority may depart from any of the time periods specified in this section.".

Amendment of section 5 of Act 36 of 2005

- 5. Section 5 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
- (a) by the substitution in subsection 3 for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

"(b) commercial broadcasting and public broadcasting of national and **[regional]** provincial scope whether provided free-to-air or by subscription;";

(b) by the substitution in subsection 3 for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:

"(c) electronic communications services [consisting of voice telephony utilising numbers from the national numbering plan] of provincial and national scope operated for commercial purposes;";

- (c) by the deletion in subsection 3 for paragraph (d).
- (d) by the substitution in subsection 5 for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

"(b) community broadcasting [and] <u>or</u> low power services whether provided free-to-air or by subscription;";

(e) by the renumbering of paragraph (c) in subsection 5 to paragraph (d);

(f) by the addition of the following paragraph in subsection 5:

"(c) electronic communications services of district municipality or local municipal scope operated for commercial purposes;"; and

(g) by the substitution in subsection 8 for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

"(b) a juristic person, is**[, or will be,]** registered under the laws of the Republic and has **[or will have]** its principal place of business located within the Republic.";

(*h*) by the insertion after subsection 8 of the following subsection:

"(8A) The provisions of subsection (8) apply *mutatis mutandis* to licence exempt service contemplated in section 6.";

(*i*) by the substitution in subsection 9 for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

"(b) promote **[the empowerment of historically disadvantaged persons]** <u>broad-based black economic empowerment</u> including <u>the empowerment of</u> women and the youth and people with disabilities, in accordance with the requirements of the ICT charter."

Amendment of section 6 of Act 36 of 2005

- 6. Section 6 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
- (a) by the deletion in subsection (1) of paragraph (d);
- (b) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

"(2) The electronic communications services, electronic communications networks[,] and electronic communications network services [and radio frequency spectrum] contemplated in subsection (1) may include, but are not limited to—

(a) electronic communications services provided on a not-for-profit basis;

(b) electronic communications services that are provided by resellers;

(c) private electronic communications networks used principally for or integrally related to the internal operations of the network owner. Except that where the private electronic communications networks' additional capacity is resold, the Authority may prescribe terms and conditions for such resale;

(d) small electronic communications networks such as local area networks; and

[(e) uses of the radio frequency spectrum that were permitted without a licence prior to the coming into force of this Act and uses of the radio frequency spectrum that the Authority finds would not cause

harmful interference with radio frequency spectrum licensees such as low power uses; and]

(f) such other services considered to be exempted, as may be prescribed by the Authority.";

(c) by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:

"(3) Any regulations prescribed by the Authority in terms of this section may contain terms and conditions applicable to the exempted electronic communications services, electronic communications networks[,] and electronic communications network services [and radio frequency spectrum use] and declare contravention of the regulation an offence, subject to section 17H of the ICASA Act.".

Amendment of section 8 of Act 36 of 2005

7. Section 8 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

(a) by the substitution for subsection 2 of the following subsection:

"(2) Such standard terms and conditions may **[take into account]** <u>include</u>, <u>but are not limited to</u> —

(a) whether the service is intended for the public generally or a limited group, such as the provision of electronic communications network services or electronic communications services to other licensees contemplated under this Act;

(b) the licence area of the authorised service;

(c) the duration of the licence;

(d) the protection of the interests of the subscribers and end-users, including, but not limited to—

(i) the handling and resolution of complaints and disputes;

(ii) the provision of appropriate remedies and redress in respect of such complaints and disputes;

(iii) the transparency of information about services, tariffs and the rights of subscribers; and

(iv) any other matter the Authority determines to be necessary in order to achieve the effective protection of subscribers;

(e) the public interest in ensuring service interoperability, nondiscrimination and open access, interconnection and facilities leasing;

(f) the public interest in securing the efficient functioning of electronic communications networks including but not limited to preventing or restricting harmful interference within the radio frequency spectrum;

(g) any universal access and universal service obligations;

(h) the public interest in the provision, availability and use, in the event of a disaster, of electronic communications networks and electronic communications services;

(i) the public interest in ensuring the protection of public health for the prevention or avoidance of the exposure of natural persons to electromagnetic fields created in connection with the operation of electronic communications networks and the provision of broadcasting and electronic communications services; (j) the international obligations of the Republic, including compliance with relevant international standards adopted by the Republic;

(k) the public interest in ensuring the distribution of broadcasting services;

(I) the public interest in facilitating the dissemination and development of a diverse range of sound and television broadcasting services on a national, regional and local level, that cater for all language and cultural groups and provide entertainment, education, news and information;

(m) the public interest in facilitating and maintaining a competitive electronic communications environment and in regulating and controlling anticompetitive practices; and

(n) the efficient use of the radio frequency spectrum and migration to digital use of such radio frequency spectrum.";

(b) by the substitution for subsection 3 of the following subsection:

"(3) The Authority may **[prescribe]** impose additional terms and conditions that may be applied to any individual licence or class licence taking into account the provisions of Chapter 10.";

(c) by the substitution for subsection 4 of the following subsection:

"(4) The Authority may by regulation make provision for the designation of licensees to whom universal service and universal access obligations are to be applicable and may impose additional terms and conditions in respect of the relevant universal service and universal access obligations on such designated licensees."

(d) by the addition of the following subsection:

"(5) The Authority, in exercising its powers and performing its functions in terms of this section, as it relates to universal service and universal access, must exercise such power or perform such function after consultation with the Agency.".

Amendment of section 9 of Act 36 of 2005

- 8. Section 9 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
- (a) by the substitution in subsection 2 for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

"(b) include the [percentage of equity ownership to be held by persons from historically disadvantaged groups, which must not be less than 30%, or such higher percentage as may be prescribed] broad-based black economic empowerment requirements prescribed under section 4(3)(k) of the ICASA Act;";

(b) by the substitution in subsection 6 for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

"(b) may impose such additional terms and conditions as [may be prescribed in terms of section 8(3)] contemplated in sections 8(3) and 8(4).".

Amendment of section 10 of Act 36 of 2005

9. Section 10 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection 1 for paragraph (h) of the following paragraph:

"(h) if the amendment is **[in pursuance of and]** in accordance with **[the regulations made under]** Chapter 10.".

Amendment of section 13 of Act 36 of 2005

10. Section 13 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

(a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

"(1) An individual licence may not be <u>let, sub-let</u>, assigned, ceded or <u>in any</u> <u>way</u> transferred, and the control of an individual licence may not be assigned, <u>ceded or in any way transferred</u>, to any other person without the prior written permission of the Authority.";

(b) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

"(2) An application for permission to <u>let, sub-let</u>, assign, cede or <u>in any way</u> transfer an individual licence, or <u>assign</u>, <u>cede</u> or <u>transfer</u> <u>control</u> of an <u>individual licence</u> may be made to the Authority in the prescribed manner.";

(c) by the deletion of subsections (3) to (5).

Insertion of section 13A in Act 36 of 2005

11. The following section is hereby inserted in the principal Act after section 13:

"<u>13A. Limitations on ownership and control.</u>—(1) The Authority may by regulation, set a limit on, or restrict, the ownership and control of existing and new individual licences for electronic communications network services and electronic communications services in order to promote competition in the ICT sector.

(2) The Authority may, subject to Chapter 9, by regulation, set a limit on, or restrict, the ownership and control of existing and new individual licences for broadcasting services in order to—

(a) promote competition in the ICT sector; and

(b) promote a diversity of views and opinions.

(3) Regulations contemplated in subsection (1) and (2) must be made-

(a) with due regard to the objectives of this Act, the regulations on broad-based black economic empowerment requirements prescribed under section 4(3)(k) of the ICASA Act, the related legislation and where applicable, any other relevant legislation; and

(b) after the Authority has conducted an inquiry in terms of section 4B of the ICASA Act, which may include, but is not limited to, a market study.".

Amendment of section 16 of Act 36 of 2005

12. Section 16 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

(a) by the substitution for subsection 1 of the following subsection:

"(1) The Authority may, upon receipt of a written registration in the manner prescribed and satisfying the conditions provided for in section 5(8), **[grant]** issue a class licence, provided that the class licences obtained by any person do not collectively assume the scope or coverage of an individual licence.";

(b) by the substitution for subsection 2 of the following subsection:

"(2) Registration for a class licence may be submitted **[at any time]** in the manner prescribed by the Authority.".

(c) by the substitution for subsection 6 of the following subsection:

"(6) [No class licence may be ceded or transferred without the prior written approval of the Authority] A person who intends to transfer a class licence to any other person must notify the Authority in writing at least thirty days prior to such transfer."

Amendment of section 17 of Act 36 of 2005

13. Section 17 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection 3 to 5 of the following subsections:

"(3) Subject to section 18, the Authority must, within [sixty (60)] thirty (30) days after receipt of a registration notice, [grant] issue the class licence and update its internal records by including the—

(a) the name of the accepted registrant;

(b) the nature of the service that the registrant proposes to provide; and

(c) the licence conditions applicable to the class licence.

(4) If the Authority delays the **[grant]** issue of a class licence beyond the **[sixty (60)]** thirty (30) day period, the Authority must give written notice of the delay and of the reasons for the delay, to the registrant.

(5) In any case where---

(a) the Authority fails to give notice of a delay to the registrant and fails to **[grant]** issue the class licence within the **[sixty (60)]** thirty (30) days as required in terms of subsection (4);

(b) the registrant has complied with the regulations prescribed in terms of section 5 (7) applicable to class licenses;

(c) the registrant satisfies the conditions provided for in section 5(8); and

(d) the Authority has not declined to accept the registration notice for the class licence in terms of section 18, the class licence is considered to have been **[granted]** issued by the Authority on the **[61st]** <u>31st</u> day after receipt of the registration notice by the Authority.".

Amendment of section 20 of Act 36 of 2005

14. Section 20 of the principal Act is hereby amended

(a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

"(1) This Chapter applies only to <u>specific</u> electronic communications network service licensees <u>as prescribed by the Authority</u>.";

(b) by the insertion after subsection 2 of the following subsection:

"(3) The Authority must prescribe how electronic communications network service licensees must exercise their rights and obligations under this Chapter and may impose conditions and obligations on licensees in the exercise of such rights and obligations, in accordance with the policy and policy directions, if any, contemplated in section 21, within eighteen (18) months of the coming into operation of the Electronic Communications Amendment Act, 2012.".

Amendment of section 21 of Act 36 of 2005

15. Section 21 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

(a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:

"21. **[Guidelines for rapid]** <u>Rapid</u> deployment of electronic communications facilities.—";

(b) by the substitution for subsections 1 and 2 of the following subsections:

"(1) The Minister must, in consultation with the Minister of **[Provincial and Local Government]** <u>Cooperative Governance & Traditional Affairs</u>, the Minister of **[Land Affairs]** <u>Rural Development & Land Reform</u>, the Minister of <u>Water and Environmental Affairs</u>, the Authority and other relevant institutions, develop **[guidelines]** <u>a policy and policy directions</u> for the rapid deployment and provisioning of electronic communications facilities, following which the <u>Authority must prescribe regulations</u>.

(2) The [guidelines] regulations must provide procedures and processes for-

(a) obtaining any necessary permit, authorisation, approval or other governmental authority including the criteria necessary to qualify for such permit, authorisation, approval or other governmental authority; and

(b) resolving disputes that may arise between an electronic communications network service licensee and any landowner, in order to satisfy the public interest in the rapid rollout of electronic communications networks and electronic communications facilities.";

(c) by the insertion after subsection 2 of the following subsection:

"(3) The policy and policy directions contemplated in subsection (1) must be made within twelve (12) months of the coming into operation of the Electronic Communications Amendment Act, 2012.".

Amendment of section 30 of Act 36 of 2005

16. The following section is hereby substituted for section 30 of the principal Act:

"(1) [In carrying out its functions under this Act and the related legislation, the Authority controls, plans, administers and manages the use and licensing of the radio frequency spectrum except as provided for in section 34.]

(a) The Spectrum Management Agency is responsible, on behalf of the State for-

(i) long term spectrum planning including the development of the national radio frequency plan;

(ii) the allocation of radio frequency spectrum for both government and non-government use; and

(iii) the assignment of the radio frequency spectrum for government use.

(b) The Authority is responsible for the assignment of the radio frequency spectrum for non-government use.

(2) In **[controlling, planning, administering, managing and licensing]** <u>assigning</u> the use of the radio frequency spectrum <u>for government and non-</u> <u>government use</u>, the <u>Spectrum Management Agency and Authority</u> <u>respectively</u> must—

(a) comply with the applicable standards and requirements of the ITU and its Radio Regulations, as agreed to or adopted by the Republic<u>as</u> well as the national radio frequency plan;

(b) take into account modes of transmission and efficient utilisation of the radio frequency spectrum, including allowing shared use of radio frequency spectrum when interference can be eliminated or reduced to acceptable levels as determined by the <u>Spectrum Management Agency or the</u> Authority; and

(c) give high priority to applications for radio frequency spectrum where the applicant proposes to utilise digital electronic communications facilities for the provision of broadcasting services, electronic communications services, electronic communications network services, and other services licensed in terms of this Act or provided in terms of a licence exemption;

[(d) plan for the conversion of analogue uses of the radio frequency spectrum to digital, including the migration to digital broadcasting in the Authority's preparation and modification of the radio frequency spectrum plan; and

(e) give due regard to the radio frequency spectrum allocated to security services].

[(3) The Authority must, in performing its functions in terms of subsection (1)_ensure that in the use of the radio frequency spectrum harmful interference to authorised or licensed users of the radio frequency spectrum is eliminated or reduced to the extent reasonably possible.

(4) The Authority must investigate and resolve all instances of harmful interference to licensed services that are reported to it.]

(3) The Spectrum Management Agency is responsible on behalf of the State for all international radio frequency spectrum matters pertaining to South Africa, including Regional and sub-Regional spectrum planning.

(4) The Spectrum Management Agency is responsible on behalf of the State for the co-ordination and approval of any Regional radio frequency spectrum plans applicable to South Africa.

(5) The Authority may ask for and receive from the Spectrum Management Agency, assistance or advice on relevant proceedings of the Authority, including proceedings under this Chapter.

(6) The Spectrum Management Agency may ask for and receive from the Authority, assistance or advice on relevant proceedings of the Spectrum Management Agency.

(7) The Spectrum Management Agency and the Authority must enter into an Agreement governing the mutual cooperation contemplated in subsections (5) and (6), within 3 months of the coming into operation of the Electronic Communications Amendment Act, 2012.".

Amendment of section 31 of Act 36 of 2005

17. The following section is hereby substituted for section 31 of the principal Act:

"31. Radio frequency spectrum licence.---(1) Subject to subsections (5) and (6), no person may transmit any signal by radio or use radio apparatus to receive any signal by radio except under and in accordance with a radio frequency spectrum licence granted by the <u>Spectrum Management Agency or the Authority to such person in terms of this Act.</u>

(2) A radio frequency spectrum licence is required in addition to any service licence contemplated in Chapter 3, where the provision of such service entails the use of radio frequency spectrum and a service licence is required in addition to any radio frequency spectrum licence where the provision of such service entails the use of radio frequency spectrum.

(2A) A radio frequency spectrum licence may not be let, sub-let, assigned, ceded or in any way transferred, and the control of a radio frequency spectrum licence may not be assigned, ceded or in any way transferred, to any other person without the prior written permission of the Spectrum Management Agency or the Authority.

(3) The <u>Spectrum Management Agency and the</u> Authority may, taking into account the objects of the Act, prescribe procedures and criteria for <u>-</u>

(a) [awarding] radio frequency spectrum licences [for competing applications or] in instances where there is insufficient spectrum available to accommodate demand;

(b) the amendment, transfer, transfer of control, renewal, suspension, cancellation, and withdrawal of radio frequency spectrum licences; and

(c) permission to let, sub-let, assign, cede or in any way transfer a radio frequency spectrum licence, or assign, cede or transfer control of a radio frequency spectrum licence as contemplated in subsection 2A.

(4) The <u>Spectrum Management Agency or the</u> Authority may amend a radio frequency spectrum licence—

(a) to implement a change in the radio frequency plan;

(b) in the interest of orderly radio frequency spectrum management;

(c) to effect the migration of licensees in accordance with a revised

radio frequency plan or the transition from analogue to digital broadcasting;

(d) if requested by the licensee concerned to the extent that the request is fair and does not prejudice other licensees; or

(e) with the agreement of the licensee.

(5) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person who utilises radio frequency spectrum—

(a) in the course of making due and proper use, as a subscriber, of an electronic communications service or electronic communications network service, the provision of which is licensed in terms of Chapter 3 or as a recipient of a service subject to a licence exemption;

(b) in the course of making due and proper use of an electronic communications service, the provision of which is licensed in terms of Chapter 3 as part of his or her duties in the service of the State or a local authority, including any military force, police service or traffic authority, in instances of force majeure; or

(c) in accordance with the regulations contemplated in subsection (6).

(6) The Spectrum Management Agency and the Authority may prescribe—

(a) types of radio apparatus the use or possession of which; or

(b) the circumstances in which the use or possession of radio apparatus, does not require a radio frequency spectrum licence, including, but not limited to radio frequency spectrum allocated for use in respect of radio astronomy and other scientific uses of radio frequency spectrum that have been coordinated and agreed to by the <u>Spectrum Management Agency or the</u> Authority.

(7) The <u>Spectrum Management Agency and the</u> Authority may, on its own initiative, take appropriate action to ensure compliance with the provisions of this Chapter.

(8) Subject to subsection (9), the <u>Spectrum Management Agency and the</u> Authority may withdraw any radio frequency spectrum licence or <u>allocated</u> <u>radio frequency spectrum</u> when the licensee fails to utilise the allocated radio frequency spectrum in accordance with the licence conditions applicable to such licence.

(9) Before the <u>Spectrum Management Agency or the</u> Authority withdraws a radio frequency spectrum licence <u>or allocated radio frequency spectrum</u> in terms of subsection (8), it must give the licensee prior written notice of at least 30 days and the licensee must have 7 (seven) business days in which to respond in writing to the notice (unless otherwise extended by the <u>Spectrum</u> <u>Management Agency or the</u> Authority) demonstrating that it is utilising the radio frequency spectrum in compliance with this Act and the licence conditions.

(10) The <u>Spectrum Management Agency or the Authority</u>, based on the written response of the licensee, must notify the licensee of its decision to withdraw or not to withdraw the licence <u>or allocated radio frequency</u> <u>spectrum</u>."

Amendment of section 32 of Act 36 of 2005

18. Section 32 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the insertion after subsection (4) of the following subsection:

"(5) The Spectrum Management Agency may request the Authority to perform any power or function mentioned in this section in respect of any radio apparatus identified by the Spectrum Management Agency.".

Amendment of section 33 of Act 36 of 2005

19. The following section is hereby substituted for section 33 of the principal Act:

"33. Frequency co-ordination.—(1) Holders of a radio frequency spectrum licence must, in good faith, co-ordinate their respective frequency usage with other such licensees to—

(a) avoid harmful interference among radio frequency spectrum licensees;

- (b) ensure efficient use of any applicable frequency band; and
- (c) allow for the provision of cost-efficient services.

(2) Where radio frequency spectrum licensees are unable or unwilling to coordinate in good faith in terms of subsection (1), the <u>Spectrum Management</u> <u>Agency or</u> Authority must intervene and resolve the dispute.

(3) The <u>Spectrum Management Agency and</u> Authority must prescribe regulations governing the co-ordination contemplated in subsection (1), which may include a process for the resolution of disputes among radio frequency spectrum licensees on an expedited basis.

(4) The Spectrum Management Agency and Authority must, in performing its functions in terms of this Chapter, ensure that in the use of the radio frequency spectrum harmful interference to authorised or licensed users of the radio frequency spectrum is eliminated or reduced to the extent reasonably possible.

(5) The Spectrum Management Agency and Authority must investigate and resolve all instances of harmful interference to licensed services that are reported to it.

(6) The Spectrum Management Agency is responsible on behalf of the State for all matters concerning international harmful interference and international frequency co-ordination.".

Amendment of section 34 of Act 36 of 2005

20. The following section is hereby substituted for section 34 of the principal Act:

"34. Radio frequency plan.—(1) The **[Minister]**<u>Spectrum Management</u> <u>Agency</u>, in the exercise of **[his or her]** <u>its</u> functions, represents the Republic in international fora, including the ITU, in respect of—

(a) the international **[allotment]** <u>allocation</u> of radio frequency spectrum; and

(b) the international coordination of radio frequency spectrum usage,

in accordance with international treaties, multinational and bilateral agreements entered into by the Republic.

(2) The Minister must approve the national radio frequency plan developed by the <u>Spectrum Management Agency</u> [Authority], which must set out the specific frequency bands designated for use by particular types of services, taking into account the radio frequency spectrum bands allocated to the security services.

(3) The <u>Spectrum Management Agency and</u> Authority must assign radio frequencies consistent with the national radio frequency plan for the use of radio frequency spectrum by licence holders and other services that may be provided pursuant to a licence exemption.

[(4) The Authority must, within 12 months of the coming into force of this Act, prepare the national radio frequency plan or make appropriate modification to any existing radio frequency plan to bring it into conformity with this Act.]

(5) The national radio frequency plan must be updated and amended when necessary in order to keep the plan current. When updating and amending this plan due regard must be given to the current and future usage of the radio frequency spectrum.

(6) The national radio frequency plan must-

(a) designate the radio frequency bands to be used for particular types of services;

(b) ensure that the radio frequency spectrum is utilised and managed in an orderly, efficient and effective manner;

(c) aim at reducing congestion in the use of the radio frequency spectrum;

(d) aim at protecting radio frequency spectrum licensees from harmful interference;

(e) provide for flexibility and the rapid and efficient introduction of new technologies;

(f) aim at providing opportunities for the introduction of the widest range of services and the maximum number of users thereof as is practically feasible.

(7) In preparing the national radio frequency plan as contemplated in subsection [(4)] (2), the [Authority] Spectrum Management Agency must—

(a) take into account the ITU's international spectrum **[allotments]** <u>allocations</u> for radio frequency spectrum use, in so far as ITU allocations have been adopted or agreed upon by the Republic, and give due regard to the reports of experts in the field of spectrum or radio frequency planning and to internationally accepted methods for preparing such plans;

(b) take into account existing uses of the radio frequency spectrum and any radio frequency band plans in existence or in the course of preparation; [and]

(c) consult with the [Minister to—

(i) incorporate the radio frequency spectrum allocated by the Minister for the exclusive use of the security services into the national radio frequency plan;

(ii) take account of the government's current and planned uses of the radio frequency spectrum, including but not limited to, civil aviation, aeronautical services and scientific research; and

(iii) co-ordinate a plan for migration of existing users, as applicable, to make available radio frequency spectrum to satisfy the

requirements of subsection (2) and the objects of this Act and of the related legislation.] Authority on radio frequency spectrum for non-government use.

(7A) The Spectrum Management Agency or Authority must co-ordinate a plan for migration of existing users, as applicable, to make available radio frequency spectrum to satisfy the requirements of subsection (2) and the objects of this Act and of the related legislation.

(8) The **[Authority]** <u>Spectrum Management Agency</u> must give notice of its intention to prepare a national radio frequency plan in the Gazette and in such notice invite interested parties to submit their written representations **[to the Authority]** within such period as may be specified in such notice.

(9) The **[Authority]** <u>Spectrum Management Agency</u> may, after the period referred to in subsection (8) has passed, hold a hearing in respect of the proposed national radio frequency plan.

(10) After the hearing, if any, and after due consideration of any written representations received in response to the notice mentioned in subsection (8) or tendered at the hearing, the [Authority] Spectrum Management Agency must forward the national radio frequency plan to the Minister for approval.

(11) The Minister must, within 30 days of receipt of the national radio frequency plan, either approve the plan, at which time the plan must become effective, or notify the **[Authority]** <u>Spectrum Management Agency</u> that further consultation is required.

(12) Upon approval of the national radio frequency plan by the Minister, the **[Authority]** <u>Spectrum Management Agency</u> must publish the plan in the Gazette.

(13) Any radio frequency plan approved in terms of this section and all the comments, representations and other documents received in response to the notice contemplated in subsection (8) or tendered at the hearing must be---

(a) kept at the offices of the [Authority] <u>Spectrum Management</u> <u>Agency;</u> and

(b) open for public inspection by interested persons during the normal office hours of the Authority.

(14) The **[Authority]** Spectrum Management Agency must, at the request of any person and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed, furnish him or her with a copy of the radio frequency plan.

(15) The provisions of subsections (6) to (14) apply, with the necessary changes, in relation to any amendment made by the **[Authority]** <u>Spectrum</u> <u>Management Agency</u> to the radio frequency plan.

(16) The <u>Spectrum Management Agency and the</u> Authority may, where the national radio frequency plan identifies radio frequency spectrum that is occupied and requires the migration of the users of such radio frequency spectrum to other radio frequency bands, migrate the users to such other radio frequency bands in accordance with the national radio frequency plan[, except where such migration involves governmental entities or organisations, in which case the Authority—

(a) must refer the matter to the Minister; and

(b) may migrate the users after consultation with the Minister].".

Amendment of section 35 of Act 36 of 2005

21. Section 35 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

(a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:

"35. [Approval of type] Type approval.—";

(b) by the substitution for subsection 1 of the following subsection:

"(1) No person may <u>possess</u>, use, supply, sell, offer for sale or lease or hire any type of electronic communications equipment or electronic communications facility, including radio apparatus, used or to be used in connection with the provision of electronic communications, unless such equipment, electronic communications facility or radio apparatus has, subject to subsection (2), been approved by the Authority.".

Amendment of section 37 of Act 36 of 2005

22. Section 37 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

- (a) by the substitution in subsection (3) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:
- "(a) is technically and [financially] economically feasible; and".
 - (b) by the substitution for subsection (6) of the following subsection:

"(6) The interconnection agreement entered into by a licensee in terms of subsection (1) must, unless otherwise requested by the party seeking interconnection, be non-discriminatory as among comparable types of interconnection and not be of a lower technical standard and quality than the technical standard and quality provided by such licensee to itself or to an affiliate or in any other way discriminatory compared to the comparable network services provided by such licensees to itself or an affiliate.".

Amendment of section 38 of Act 36 of 2005

23. Section 38 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

(a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

"(1) The Authority must prescribe regulations to facilitate the conclusion of interconnection agreements by stipulating interconnection agreement principles. The regulations may include any regulations referred to in sections 39 and 41.";

(b) by the substitution in subsection (3) for paragraph (k) of the following paragraph:

"(k) the requirement that a licensee negotiate and enter into an interconnection agreement with an applicant for an individual licence or registrant of a class licence; and";

(c) by the substitution for subsection (5) of the following subsection:

"(5) The interconnection regulations may exempt (in whole or in part) licensees from the obligation to interconnect under section 37 (1) [where the Authority has not found such licensees to have significant market power in the relevant market or market segment in terms of Chapter 10].";

(d) by the substitution for subsection (6) of the following subsection:

"(6) Where a licensee is exempt from the obligation to interconnect in terms of subsection (5) and such exempted licensee enters into an interconnection agreement with another exempted licensee, or a person providing services pursuant to a licence exemption, sections 37 (6) and [39 (3) and (4)] <u>39 (2)</u> and (7) do not apply to such an interconnection agreement.".

Amendment of section 39 of Act 36 of 2005

24. Section 39 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for the following section:

"39. Filing of interconnection agreements.—(1) An interconnection agreement must be in writing and must be submitted to the Authority.

[(4)] (2) The Authority-

(a) may review a proposed interconnection agreement at the request of any party to the agreement, at any time prior to its submission in terms of subsection (1); and

(b) must review an interconnection agreement submitted in terms of subsection (1),

to determine whether the agreement is consistent with the regulations prescribed.

[(5)] (3) Where the Authority determines that any term or condition of an interconnection agreement is not consistent with the regulations, the Authority must in writing—

(a) notify the parties of the non-complying terms and conditions; and

(b) direct the parties to agree on new terms and conditions consistent with the regulations.

[(6)] (<u>4</u>) The parties must, upon reaching agreement and amending the noncomplying terms and conditions of the interconnection agreement, submit the amended agreement to the Authority for consideration and review.

[(7)] (5) The provisions of subsections **[(4)]** (2) and **[(5)]** (3) apply, with the necessary changes, to the consideration and review of the amended agreement by the Authority.

[(2)] (6) An interconnection agreement becomes effective and enforceable upon filing with the Authority in the prescribed manner, unless—

(a) an order of a court of competent jurisdiction is granted against such agreement; or

(b) the Authority provides the parties with written notice of noncompliance in terms of subsection [(5)] (3). [(3)] (7) The Authority must, at the request of any person and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed, furnish that person with a copy of any interconnection agreement and the rates and charges contained in such agreement.".

Amendment of section 41 of Act 36 of 2005

25. Section 41 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for the following section:

"The Authority may prescribe regulations establishing a framework of wholesale interconnection rates to be charged for interconnection services or for specified types of interconnection and associated interconnection services **[taking into account the provisions of Chapter 10]**."

Amendment of section 42 of Act 36 of 2005

26. Section 42 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for the first sentence in subsection 2 of the following sentence:

"(2) The framework contemplated in subsection (1) (b) must [be in force not later than 1 July 2006 and] ensure that—".

Amendment of section 43 of Act 36 of 2005

27. Section 43 of the principal Act is hereby amended –

- (a) by the substitution in subsection (4) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:
- "(a) is technically and [financially] economically feasible; and".
 - (b) by the substitution for subsection (7) of the following subsection:

"(7) The lease of electronic communications facilities by an electronic communications network service licensee in terms of subsection (1) must, unless otherwise requested by the leasing party, be non-discriminatory as among comparable types of electronic communications facilities being leased and not be of a lower technical standard and quality than the technical standard and quality provided by such electronic communications network service licensee to itself or to an affiliate or in any other way discriminatory compared to the comparable network services provided by such licensees to itself or an affiliate."

(c) by the insertion after subsection 8 of the following subsection:

"(8A) Requests for essential facilities are deemed to be reasonable and all electronic communications network services licensees receiving such requests are required to agree on non-discriminatory terms and conditions of a facilities leasing agreement within ten days of receiving the request, failing which the Authority will impose terms and conditions consistent with this Chapter within five days of receiving notification that the licensee has failed to conclude an agreement.". (d) by the substitution for subsection (11) of the following subsection:

"(11) Any exclusivity provision contained in any agreement or other arrangement that is prohibited under subsection (10) is invalid from a date [to be determined by the Minister after consultation with relevant parties] three years after the commencement of this Act.".

Amendment of section 44 of Act 36 of 2005

28. Section 44 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

(a) by the substitution for subsection (5) of the following subsection:

"(5) The electronic communications facilities leasing regulations may exempt (in whole or in part) electronic communications network service licensees from the obligation to lease electronic communications facilities in terms of section 43 (1) [where the Authority has not found, in terms of Chapter 10, such electronic communications network service licensees to have significant market power in the relevant market or market segment].";

(b) by the substitution for subsection (6) of the following subsection:

"(6) Where a licensee is exempt from the obligation to lease electronic communications facilities in terms of subsection (5) and such exempted licensee enters into a electronic communications facilities leasing agreement with another exempted licensee, or a person providing services pursuant to a licence exemption, section 43 (7) and section [45 (3) and (4)] <u>45 (2) and (7)</u> do not apply to any such electronic communications facilities leasing agreement."

Amendment of section 45 of Act 36 of 2005

29. Section 45 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for the following section:

"45. Filing of electronic communications facilities leasing agreements.—(1) An electronic communications facilities leasing agreement must be in writing and must be submitted to the Authority. **[(5)]** (2) The Authority-

(a) <u>may review a proposed electronic communications facilities</u> leasing agreement at the request of any party to the agreement, at any time prior to its submission in terms of subsection (1); and

(b) must review <u>an</u> electronic communications facilities leasing [agreements] <u>agreement</u> submitted in terms of subsection (1).

to determine whether [such] the [agreements are] agreement is consistent with the regulations prescribed.

[(6)] (3) Where the Authority determines that any term or condition of an electronic communications facilities leasing agreement is not consistent with the regulations, the Authority must in writing—

(a) notify the parties of the non-complying terms and conditions; and

(b) direct the parties to agree on new terms and conditions consistent with the regulations.

[(7)] (4) The parties must, upon reaching agreement and amending the noncomplying terms and conditions of the electronic communications facilities leasing agreement, submit the amended agreement to the Authority for consideration and review.

[(8)] (5)The provisions of subsections **[(5) and (6)]** (2) and (3) apply, with the necessary changes, to such consideration and review of the amended agreement by the Authority.

[(2)] (6) Electronic communications facilities leasing agreements are effective and enforceable upon being filed with the Authority in the prescribed manner unless an order of a court of competent jurisdiction is granted against such agreement or the Authority provides the parties with written notice of noncompliance in terms of subsection [(6)] (3).

[(3) The Authority must publish electronic communications facilities leasing agreements submitted in terms of subsection (1).]

[(4)] (7) The Authority must, at the request of any person and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed, furnish that person with a copy of any electronic communications facilities leasing agreement.".

Amendment of section 47 of Act 36 of 2005

30. Section 47 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for the following section:

"The Authority may prescribe regulations establishing a framework for the establishment and implementation of wholesale rates applicable to specified types of electronic communication facilities and associated services **[taking into account the provisions of Chapter 10]**."

Substitution of section 55 of Act 36 of 2005

31. The following section is hereby substituted for section 55 of the principal Act:

"55. Control over advertisements.—(1) All broadcasting service licensees must adhere to the Code of Advertising Practice (in this section referred to as the Code) as from time to time determined and administered by the Advertising Standards Authority of South Africa <u>and any advertising</u> regulations prescribed by the Authority in respect of scheduling of adverts, infomercials and programme sponsorships.

(2) The Complaints and Compliance Committee must adjudicate complaints concerning alleged breaches of the Code by broadcasting service licensees who are not members of the Advertising Standards Authority of South Africa, in accordance with section 17C of the ICASA Act <u>as well as complaints concerning alleged breaches of the advertising regulations</u>.

(2A) Where the Advertising Standards Authority of South Africa has adjudicated any complaint against a broadcasting service licensee who is a member thereof, that body shall forward a certified copy of the record of such adjudication and of its finding to the Complaints and Compliance Committee.
(2B) A finding forwarded to the Complaints and Compliance Committee as

envisaged by subsection (2A) shall be dealt with by that body mutatis

mutandis in accordance with the provisions of section 17D of the ICASA Act as if such finding was a finding made by itself in terms of section 17D(1) of the ICASA Act.

(3) Where a broadcasting licensee, irrespective of whether or not he or she is a member of the said Advertising Standards Authority <u>of South Africa</u>, is found to have breached the Code <u>or advertising regulations</u>, such broadcasting licensee must be dealt with in accordance with applicable provisions of the ICASA Act.".

Amendment of section 62 of Act 36 of 2005

32. Section 62 of the principal Act is hereby amended

(a) by the insertion of the following subsection after subsection (2):

"(2A) The radio frequency spectrum in respect of a digital multi-channel distribution service should be assigned to an electronic communications network service licensee that provides broadcasting signal distribution in respect of such digital multi-channel distribution service, as contemplated under section 31(2).";

(b) by the substitution for subsection 3 of the following subsection:

"(3) A common carrier must—

(a) [subject to its technological capacity to do so and to the provisions of paragraph (b),] provide broadcasting signal distribution to broadcasting licensees upon their request and in accordance with the national radio frequency plan contemplated in section 34, on an equitable, reasonable, non-preferential and non-discriminatory basis;

(b) <u>submit its tariffs annually on a date determined by the Authority,</u> for approval by the Authority, which tariffs must comply with any tariffs or <u>other conditions prescribed and must</u> [in determining its tariffs,] duly take into account the following:

(i) the different categories of broadcasting service licenses referred to in sections 49, 50 and 51; and

(ii) the nature and technical parameters of the service provided to each broadcasting licensee with a view to ensuring that the different tariffs are appropriate to and commensurate with the various broadcasting services to which they relate;

(c) carry public broadcasting services, including educational, commercial and community services and shall be deemed the electronic communications network service licensee that provides signal distribution for public broadcasting services."

Substitution of section 65 of Act 36 of 2005

33. The following section is hereby substituted for section 65 of the principal Act:

"65. Limitations on control of commercial broadcasting services.—(1) No person may—

(a) directly or indirectly exercise control over more than one commercial broadcasting service licence in the <u>commercial</u> television broadcasting service; or

(b) be a director of a company which is, or of two or more companies which between them are, in a position to exercise control over more than one commercial broadcasting service licence in the <u>commercial</u> television broadcasting service; or

(c) be in a position to exercise control over a commercial broadcasting service licence in the <u>commercial</u> television broadcasting service and be a director of any company which is in a position to exercise control over any other commercial broadcasting service license in the <u>commercial</u> television broadcasting service.

[(2) No person may-

(a) be in a position to exercise control over more than two commercial broadcasting service licences in the FM sound broadcasting service;

(b) be a director of a company which is, or of two or more companies which between them are, in a position to exercise control over more than two commercial broadcasting service licences in the FM sound broadcasting service;

(c) be in a position to exercise control over two commercial broadcasting service licences in the FM sound broadcasting service and be a director of any company which is in a position to exercise control over any other commercial broadcasting licence in the FM sound broadcasting service.]

(2) No person shall directly or indirectly exercise control over more than a total number of three commercial sound broadcasting service licensees.

[(3) A person referred to in subsection (2) must not be in a position to control two commercial broadcasting service licences in the FM sound broadcasting service, which either have the same licence areas or substantially overlapping licence areas.]

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), no person shall, directly or indirectly, exercise control over more than three commercial sound broadcasting service licensees which have the same licence areas or coverage areas that overlap by a margin of 50% or more.

(4) No person may—

(a) be in a position to exercise control over more than two commercial broadcasting service licences in the [AM] <u>commercial</u> sound broadcasting service;

(b) be a director of a company which is, or of two or more companies which between them are, in a position to exercise control over more than two commercial broadcasting service licences in the **[AM]** <u>commercial</u> sound broadcasting services; or

(c) be in a position to exercise control over two commercial broadcasting service licences in the **[AM]** <u>commercial</u> sound broadcasting service and be a director of any company which is in a position to exercise control over any other commercial broadcasting service licence in the **[AM]** <u>commercial</u> sound broadcasting service.

(5) No person referred to in subsection (4) may be in a position to control two commercial broadcasting service licences in the **[AM]** commercial sound

broadcasting service, which either have the same licence areas or substantially overlapping licence areas.

(6) The Authority may, on application by any person, on good cause shown and without departing from the objects and principles enunciated in section 2, exempt such person from **[the provisions of subsections (1) to (5)]** <u>adhering to any one of the limitations contemplated in subsections (1) to (5)</u>, which reasons may include the following:

(a) the promotion and facilitation of broad-based black economic empowerment;

(b) ensuring the survival of a commercial sound broadcasting service licensee;

(c) the growth of local content output; and

(d) the promotion of job creation within the ICT sector.

(7) The Authority may, whenever the Authority considers it necessary in view of the developments in broadcasting technology or for the purposes of advancing the objects and principles enunciated in section 2, institute and conduct a public inquiry and make recommendations to the Minister regarding the amendment of any of the provisions of subsections (1) to (6).

(8) The recommendations contemplated in subsection (7) must be tabled in the National Assembly by the Minister within 14 days of receipt thereof, if the National Assembly is then in session, or if the National Assembly is not in session, within 14 days after the commencement of its next ensuing session.".

Substitution of section 66 of Act 36 of 2005

34. The following section is hereby substituted for section 66 of the principal Act:

"66. Limitations on cross-media control of commercial broadcasting services.—(1) Cross-media control of broadcasting services must be subject to such limitations as may from time to time be determined by the National Assembly acting on the recommendation of the Authority, after consultation with the Minister, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution.

(2) No person who controls a newspaper or newspapers, [may acquire or retain financial] shall exercise, directly or indirectly, control of [a commercial broadcasting service licence in both the] both a commercial television broadcasting service licensee and a commercial sound broadcasting service licensee.

(3) No person who [is in a position to control a newspaper may be in a position to control a] controls a newspaper shall exercise, directly or indirectly, control over any commercial broadcasting service [licence, either in the television broadcasting service or sound broadcasting service, in an area where the] licensee where such newspaper has an average ABC circulation of [twenty (20%)] twenty-five (25%) percent of the total [newspaper readership in the area, if the licence area of the commercial] weekly ABC circulation in the licence area of that commercial broadcasting service [licence overlaps substantially with the said circulation area of the newspaper] licensee.

[(4) In this section "Substantial overlap" means an overlap by fifty (50%) percent or more.

(5) A twenty (20%) percent shareholding in a commercial broadcasting service licence, in either the television broadcasting service or sound broadcasting service, is considered as constituting control.]

(6) The Authority may, on good cause shown and without departing from the objects and principles enunciated in section 2, exempt affected persons from any of the limitations provided for in this section <u>subject to any terms and</u> conditions imposed by the Authority.

(7) The Authority may, whenever the Authority considers it necessary in view of the developments in broadcasting technology or for the purposes of advancing the objects and principles enunciated in section 2, institute and conduct a public inquiry and make recommendations to the Minister regarding amendment of any of the provisions of subsections (1) to (6).

(8) The recommendations contemplated in subsection (7) must be tabled in the National Assembly by the Minister within 14 days of receipt thereof if the National Assembly is then in session, or if the National Assembly is not in session, within 14 days after the commencement of its next ensuing session.

(9) A determination made in terms of subsection (1), whether or not pursuant to an inquiry by the Authority, is not applicable to, and is not enforceable against, any broadcasting service licensee to which such determination relates for the duration of the term of the licence valid at the time such determination is made, but becomes applicable to, and enforceable against, such a broadcasting service licensee only upon the renewal of its licence upon the expiration of such term.".

Amendment of section 67 of Act 36 of 2005

35. Section 67 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by the deletion of subsections (1) to (3);

(b) by the substitution for subsection (4) of the following subsection:

"(4) The Authority must prescribe regulations [defining the] determining relevant markets and market segments[, as applicable, that procompetitive conditions may be imposed upon licensees having significant market power where the Authority determines such markets or market segments have] where there is ineffective competition, and whether any licensee has significant market power in such markets or market segments, and if so, imposing appropriate and sufficient pro-competitive licence conditions on such licensees. The regulations must, among other things—

(a) [define and identify the retail or] <u>determine relevant</u> wholesale <u>and retail</u> markets or market segments [in which it intends to impose procompetitive measures in cases where such markets are found to have ineffective competition];

(b) [set out the methodology to be used to determine the effectiveness of] determine whether there is effective competition in [such] those relevant markets [or] and market segments[, taking into account subsection (8)];

(c) [set out the pro-competitive measures the Authority may impose in order to remedy the perceived market failure in the] determine

which, if any, licensees have significant market power in those markets [or] and market segments [found to have] where there is ineffective competition [taking into account subsection (7)];

(d) [declare licensees in the relevant market or market segments, as applicable, that have significant market power, as determined in accordance with subsection (6), and the] impose appropriate pro-competitive licence conditions [applicable to each such licensee] on those licensees having significant market power to sufficiently remedy the market failure.[;

(e) set out a schedule in terms of which the Authority will undertake periodic review of the markets and market segments, taking into account subsection (9) and the determination in respect of the effectiveness of competition and application of pro-competitive measures in those markets; and

(f) provide for monitoring and investigation of anti-competitive behaviour in the relevant market and market segments.]";

(c) by the insertion after subsection 4 of the following subsections:

"(4A) When determining whether there is effective competition in markets and market segments, the Authority must consider, among other things, the nontransitory (structural, legal, and regulatory) entry barriers to the applicable markets or market segments and the dynamic character and functioning of the markets or market segments, including an assessment of relative market share of the various licensees or providers of exempt services, in the markets or market segments, and a forward looking assessment of the relative market power of the licensees in the markets or market segments.

(4B) Licensees must provide to the Authority any information specified by the Authority in order that the Authority may carry out its duties in terms of this section.";

(d) by the substitution for subsection (5) of the following subsection:

"(5) A licensee has significant market power **[with regard to the relevant]** in a market or market segment [where the Authority finds that the particular individual licensee or class] if that licensee—

(a) is dominant;

(b) has control of an essential [facilities] facility; or

(c) has a vertical relationship that the Authority determines could harm competition [in the market or market segments applicable to the particular category of licence].";

(e) by the deletion of subsection (6);

(f) by the substitution for subsection (7) of the following subsection:

"(7) Pro-competitive <u>licence</u> terms and conditions may include but are not limited to----

[(a) an obligation to act fairly and reasonably in the way in which the licensee responds to requests for access, provisioning of services, interconnection and facilities leasing;

(b) a requirement that the obligations contained in the licence terms and pro-competitive conditions must be complied with within the periods and at the times required by or under such terms and conditions, failing which a penalty may be imposed;

(c) a prohibition against discriminating in relation to matters connected with access, provisioning of services, interconnection and facilities leasing;

(d) an obligation requiring the licensee to publish, in such manner as the Authority may direct, all such information for the purpose of ensuring transparency in relation to---

(i) access, interconnection and facilities leasing; or

(ii) the provision of electronic communications network services, electronic communications services or any other service offered by the licensee applicable to the relevant market or market segments at issue;

(e) an obligation to publish, in such manner as the Authority may direct, the terms and conditions for—

(i) access, interconnection and facilities leasing; or

(ii) the provision of electronic communications network services, electronic communications services or any other service offered by the licensee applicable to the relevant market or market segments at issue which may take the form of a reference offer;

(f) an obligation to maintain a separation for accounting purposes between different matters relating to—

(i) access, interconnection and facilities leasing;

(ii) the provision of electronic communications network services, electronic communications services or any other service offered by the licensee applicable to the relevant market or market segments at issue; and

(iii) retail and wholesale prices;

(g) a requirement relating to the accounting methods to be used in maintaining the separation of accounts referred to in paragraph (f);

(h) such price controls, including requirements relating to the provision of wholesale and retail prices in relation to matters connected with the provision of—

(i) access, interconnection and facilities leasing; or

(ii) electronic communications network services, electronic communications services or any other service offered by the licensee applicable to the relevant market or market segments at issue;

(i) matters relating to the recovery of costs and cost orientation and with regard to broadcasting services, the appropriate amount of South African programming, including—

(i) music content;

(ii) news and information programmes; and

(iii) where appropriate, programming of local or regional significance;

(j) matters relating to the accounts, records and other documents to be kept and made available for inspection by the Authority.]

(a) obligations in respect of interconnection and facilities leasing in addition to those imposed by chapters 7 and 8 and any regulations made in terms thereof;

(b) penalties for failure to abide by the pro-competitive licence conditions;

(c) obligations to publish any information specified by the Authority;

(d) obligations to maintain separate accounting for any services specified by the Authority;

(e) obligations to maintain structural separation for the provision of any services specified by the Authority;

(f) rate regulation, including without limitation price controls on wholesale and retail rates, as determined by the Authority, in addition to that imposed by Chapters 7 and 8 and any regulations made in terms thereof, including matters relating to the recovery of costs; and

(g) obligations relating to accounts, records and other documents to be kept, provided to the Authority, and published.".

Amendment of section 68 of Act 36 of 2005

36. Section 68 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for the first sentence in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of the following sentence:

"(b) measures to ensure that number portability is introduced [in 2005 or soon thereafter, as far as is practicably possible,] including—".

Amendment of section 72 of Act 36 of 2005

37. Section 72 of the principal Act is amended -

(a) by the substitution for subsection (6) of the following subsection:

"(6) The Authority must allocate a four-digit number through which the public can access government directory, information <u>and related</u> services <u>at the centre</u> free of charge.";

(b) by the substitution for subsection (7) of the following subsection:

"(7) [The cost of providing the government directory information service] Electronic communications service and electronic communications network service licensees that carry communications to the centre may not levy any charge on the caller for placing calls to the centre since such costs must be borne by the licensee."

Insertion of section 72A in Act 36 of 2005

38. The following section is hereby inserted in the principal Act after section 72:

"72A. Broadband Inter-Governmental Implementation Committee.---

(1) The Minister must establish a Broadband Inter-Governmental Implementation Committee, incorporating all spheres of Government, to perform the functions in subsection (3).

(2) The terms and conditions of appointment including allowances, composition and meetings applicable to the Committee by virtue of its appointment in terms of subsection (1) must be as determined by the Minister. (3) The Committee reports to the Minister, must advise the Minister on broadband policy and implementation and must perform the following functions:

(a) <u>Coordinate overall broadband implementation by government at</u> national, provincial and local government levels;

(b) <u>facilitate the monitoring and measurement of broadband penetration in</u> South Africa;

(c) develop a broadband implementation plan that supports the Broadband Policy for South Africa (Government Notice No. 617 of 2010, published in Gazette No. 33377 of 13 July 2010), which plan must include, without limitation, skills development, research and development and broadband priority areas;

(d) identify mechanisms to realise the potential benefits of broadband;

(e) advise the Minister and the Minister of Finance on government investment in electronic communications facilities and networks that contribute to broadband on national, provincial and local government levels to avoid unnecessary duplication;

(f) recommend measures to increase uptake and usage of broadband as well as enhance public awareness on the benefits of broadband; and

(g) annually survey and evaluate the status of broadband penetration in the Republic including, without limitation, household broadband penetration, electronic communications network connectivity to municipalities and broadband providers.".

Amendment of section 73 of Act 36 of 2005

39. The following section is hereby substituted for section 73 of the principal Act:

"73. E-rate.—(1) Internet services, provided to all public schools as defined in the South African Schools Act, 1996 (Act No. 84 of 1996), and all public further education and training institutions as defined in the Further Education and Training Act, 1998 (Act No. 98 of 1998), must be provided at a minimum discounted rate of 50% off the total charge levied by the <u>electronic</u> <u>communications service</u> licensee providing Internet services to such institutions.

(2) The discount is applicable **[of]** to the total charge levied by the <u>electronic</u> <u>communications</u> service licensee which includes but is not limited to the following:

(a) Any connectivity charges for access to the Internet;

(b) charges for any equipment used for or in association with connectivity to the Internet; and

(c) [all calls made to an Internet Service Provider] <u>all call</u> charges for access to the Internet.