

PARLIAMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA
NOTICE 652 OF 2019



PARLIAMENT
OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

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PARLIAMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**INVITATION TO COMMENT ON DRAFT CONSTITUTION EIGHTEENTH AMENDMENT
BILL, 2019**

Notice is hereby given in terms of section 74(5)(a) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, that the ad hoc committee to initiate and introduce legislation amending section 25 of the Constitution intends to introduce the Constitution Eighteenth Amendment Bill, 2019.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comment on the draft Constitution Eighteenth Amendment Bill by 16h00 on 31 January 2020. A further call for comments will be made in national newspapers early in January 2020.

Should you require the Memorandum on the Objects of the Bill in any of the official languages, please contact the Committee Secretary (details below).

Kindly direct all enquiries and written submissions to the Committee Secretary, Mr Vhonani Ramaano:

By email:

section25@parliament.gov.za

By post/hand delivered:

W/S 3/080
3rd Floor
90 Plein Street
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Issued by Dr Mathole Motshekga, MP

Chairperson: ad hoc committee to initiate and introduce legislation amending section 25 of the Constitution

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

CONSTITUTION EIGHTEENTH AMENDMENT BILL

(As introduced in the National Assembly (proposed section 74(2); initiated by the Ad Hoc Committee on the amendment of section 25 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996; Particulars of the proposed amendments and prior notice of introduction published in Government Gazette No. of)

(The English text is the official text of the Bill)

**(AD HOC COMMITTEE ON THE AMENDMENT OF SECTION 25 OF THE
CONSTITUTION OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA, 1996)**

[B 20...]

GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTE:

_____ Words underlined with a solid line indicate insertions in existing enactments.

BILL

To amend the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, so as to provide that where land and any improvements thereon are expropriated for the purposes of land reform, the amount of compensation payable may be nil; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS there is a need for urgent and accelerated land reform in order to address the injustices of the past that were inflicted on the majority of South Africans and especially as the hunger for land amongst the dispossessed is palpable and the dispossessed are of the view that very little is being done to redress the skewed land ownership pattern;

AND WHEREAS section 25 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, must be amended to make explicit that which is implicit therein, so that an amount of nil compensation is explicitly stated as a legitimate option for land reform;

AND WHEREAS such an amendment will contribute to address the historic wrongs caused by the arbitrary dispossession of land;

AND WHEREAS such an amendment will further ensure equitable access to land and will further empower the majority of South Africans to be productive participants in ownership, food security and agricultural reform programs,

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

Amendment of section 25 of Constitution

1. Section 25 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (2) for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) subject to compensation, the amount of which and the time and manner of payment of which have either been agreed to by those affected or decided or approved by a court: Provided that in accordance with subsection (3A) a court may, where land and any improvements thereon are expropriated for the purposes of land reform, determine that the amount of compensation is nil.”;

(b) by the substitution in subsection (3) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:

“(3) The amount of the compensation as contemplated in subsection (2)(b), and the time and manner of any payment, must be just and equitable, reflecting an equitable balance between the public interest and the interests of those affected, having regard to all relevant circumstances, including—”;

(c) by the insertion after subsection (3) of the following subsection:

“(3A) National legislation must, subject to subsections (2) and (3), set out specific circumstances where a court may determine that the amount of compensation is nil.”.

Short title and commencement

2. This Act is called the Constitution Eighteenth Amendment Act, 2019, and comes into operation on a date determined by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

MEMORANDUM ON THE OBJECTS OF THE CONSTITUTION EIGHTEENTH AMENDMENT BILL, 2019

1. INTRODUCTION

This Bill aims to amend the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, by providing for the expropriation of land without the payment of compensation. During the Fifth Parliament, the Constitutional Review Committee was mandated by the two Houses of Parliament to solicit the views of the public on the possible review of section 25 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (“the Constitution”). The review focused on allowing the state to expropriate land in the public interest without compensation, as well as on mechanisms for expropriating land without compensation. After an extensive consultation process, the Constitutional Review Committee filed a report in the two Houses recommending that:

“Section 25 of the Constitution must be amended to make explicit that which is implicit in the Constitution, with regards to expropriation of land without compensation, as a legitimate option for land reform, so as to address the historic wrongs caused by the arbitrary dispossession of land, and in so doing ensure equitable access to land and further empower the majority of South Africans to be productive participants in ownership, food security and agricultural reform programs.”

It further recommended that Parliament must urgently establish a mechanism to effect the necessary amendment to the relevant part of section 25 of the Constitution. That mechanism was established by a resolution of the National Assembly first during the Fifth Parliament, and then again in the Sixth Parliament, which resulted in the development of this Bill.

2. OBJECTS OF THE BILL

The purpose of the Constitution Eighteenth Amendment Bill, 2019 (“the Bill”), is to amend section 25 of the Constitution so as to provide that the right to property may be limited in such a

way that where land is expropriated for land reform, the amount of compensation payable may be nil. Further to clarify that such limitation is a legitimate option for land reform, so as to address the historic wrongs caused by the arbitrary dispossession of land, and in so doing ensure equitable access to land and further empower the majority of South Africans to be productive participants in ownership, food security and agricultural reform programs.

3. CONTENTS OF THE BILL

3.1. Clause 1 proposes an amendment to section 25 of the Constitution to provide that where land and any improvements thereon are expropriated for the purposes of land reform, the amount of compensation payable may be nil.

3.2. Clause 2 provides for the short title and commencement.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS FOR THE STATE

None

5. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE

5.1 The Committee proposes that the Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure established by section 74(2) of the Constitution since its object is to amend a section within Chapter 2 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996.

5.2 The Committee is of the opinion that it is necessary to refer this Bill to the National House of Traditional Leaders in terms of section 18(1)(a) of the Traditional Leadership and

Governance Framework Act, 2003 (Act No. 41 of 2003), since it contains provisions pertaining to customary law or customs of traditional communities.

DRAFT